

BOAT ARMOR HEAVY DUTY RUBBING COMPOUND

This product appears in the following stock number(s):

105082

Last revised: 01/11/05

Printed: 2/7/2005

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**Tradename:** BOAT ARMOR HEAVY DUTY RUBBING COMPOUND**General use:** Boat Armor Gas Mate is a non-halogenated organic solvent blend.**Chemical family:** Hydrocarbon**MANUFACTURER**ITW Philadelphia Resins
130 Commerce Dr.
Montgomeryville, PA 18936**EMERGENCY INFORMATION****Emergency telephone number**
(CHEMTREC): (800) 424-9300
Other Calls: (215) 855-8450**2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS****HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENTS****Exposure limits**

Constituent	Abbr.	CAS No.	Weight percent	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other Limits
Cristobalite		14464461	10-20	.05mg/m ³	5/(%Q+2) mg/m ³	0.05 mg/m ³ (Canada)
Crystalline silica		14808607	< 1	0.05 mg/m ³	10/(%Q+2) mg/m ³	0.10 mg/m ³ (Canada)
Petroleum process oil		8042475	1-10	n/e	n/e	n/e
Naphtha, solvent		8052413	10-30	100 ppm	500 ppm	n/e

"TLV" means the Threshold Limit Value exposure (eight-hour, time-weighted average, unless otherwise noted) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. "STEL" indicates a short-term exposure limit. "PEL" indicates the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit. "n/e" indicates that no exposure limit has been established. An asterisk (*) indicates a substance whose identity is a trade secret of our supplier and unknown to us.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Emergency Overview**

Appearance, form, odor: liquid with ethereal odor.

WARNING! Flammable. Eye, skin and respiratory irritant. May cause central nervous system effects.**Potential health effects****Primary routes of exposure:** Skin contact Skin absorption Eye contact Inhalation Ingestion**Symptoms of acute overexposure:****Skin:** Like most solvents, this product can extract the natural fats and oils of skin tissue; prolonged contact can lead to skin irritation.

Eyes: May cause moderate irritation (burning sensation, tearing, redness, swelling).

Inhalation:

Irritation of respiratory tract, headaches, dizziness and nausea.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal disturbance and effects similar to those of inhalation; liquid drawn into lungs during vomiting can cause severe damage.

Effects of chronic overexposure:

Skin contact may cause dermatitis. Chronic exposure to solvents above their TLV's may cause liver/ kidney disorders. May cause nasal irritation, affect mucous tissue/ membrane dysfunction. TARGET ORGANS: Eye, skin, respiratory system, GI, mucous membrane, CNS, liver and kidney.

Carcinogenicity -- OSHA regulated: No

ACGIH: No

National Toxicology Program: No

International Agency for Research on Cancer: Yes

Cancer-suspect constituent(s) : Respirable crystalline silica

Medical conditions which may be aggravated by exposure:

May aggravate skin, eye and respiratory disorders.

Other effects:

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to solvents with permanent brain and Central Nervous System damage.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid for eyes:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Consult a physician.

First aid for skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash with mild soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

First aid for inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. Restore respiration if necessary.

First aid for ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink plenty of milk or water to dilute. Keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into lungs. Call a doctor.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Water

Carbon dioxide

Dry chemical

Foam

Alcohol foam

Flash Point (°F): 133

Method: TCC

Explosive limits in air (percent) -- Lower: 1.0

Upper: 12

Special firefighting procedures:

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid inhalation of smoke or vapors. Water may be used to cool exposed containers.

Unusual fire and explosion hazards:

Contains combustible solvent. Do not use in area where sparks or open flames are present.

Hazardous products of combustion:

May form carbon and nitrogen oxides. Other unknown toxic smoke and vapors may form.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Spill control:**

Avoid personal contact. Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area.

Containment:

Dike, contain and absorb with clay, sand or other suitable non-combustible material.

Cleanup:

For large spills, pump to storage/ salvage vessels. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand, or other suitable material and dispose of properly (RCRA hazardous waste).

Special procedures:

Prevent spill from entering drainage/ sewer systems, waterways, and surface waters. Use non-sparking tools

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling precautions:**

Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Close container after each use. Ground container when pouring. Keep away from heat, flame or sparks. Use non-sparking tools.

Storage:

Keep in a cool place, without direct exposure to sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and otherwise in accordance with NFPA regulations. Maintain air space in storage containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**Engineering controls****Ventilation :**

Good general ventilation is usually adequate for most industrial applications. Local exhaust should be used in confined areas.

Other engineering controls :

Keep container tightly closed. Observe label precautions. Have emergency eye wash and safety shower present.

Personal protective equipment**Eye and face protection:**

Safety glasses or goggles.

Skin protection:

Chemical resistant rubber gloves and long sleeve clothing.

Respiratory protection:

In confined areas, use NIOSH approved respirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specific gravity:	1.3	Boiling point (°F):	212
Melting point (°F):	n/d	Vapor density (air = 1):	>1
Vapor pressure (mmHg):	< 5 mm Hg at 68 °F	Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1):	<1
VOC (grams/liter):	350	pH (5% solution or slurry in water):	
Percent volatile by volume:	< 50		
Percent solids by weight:	> 50		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

This material is chemically stable. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid :

Extreme heat, sparks and open flames.

Incompatible materials:

Oxidizing agents, strong acids and bases.

Hazardous products of decomposition:

May form carbon and nitrogen oxides. Other unknown toxic smoke and vapors may form.

Conditions under which hazardous polymerization may occur:

None reported

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral effects: LD50 (rat): No data available.

Acute dermal effects: LD50 (rabbit): No data available.

Acute inhalation effects: LC50 (rat): No data available.

Exposure: 4 hours.

Subchronic effects:

No data.

Carcinogenicity, teratogenicity, and mutagenicity:

No data

Other chronic effects:

No data.

Toxicological information on hazardous chemical constituents of this product:

Constituent	Oral LD50 (rat)	Dermal LD50 (rabbit)	Inhalation LC50 4hr, (rat)
Cristobalite	n/d	n/d	n/d
Crystalline silica	n/d	n/d	n/d
Petroleum process oil	2380 mg/kg	n/d	n/d
Naphtha, solvent	>5 gm/kg	>3 gm/kg	n/d

'n/d' = 'not determined'

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity:**

No data available.

Mobility and persistence:

No data available.

Environmental fate:

No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Please see also Section 15, Regulatory Information.

Waste management recommendations:

Do not dispose of in a landfill. Incineration is the preferred method of disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Proper shipping name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s. *

Technical name : MINERAL SPIRITS

Hazard class : 3

UN number: 1993

Packing group: III

Emergency Response Guide no.: 128

IMDG page number: N/A

Other: Non-regulated for DOT ground

*Depending upon the size and type of container, this material may be reclassified as "Limited Quantity" for shipments outside the United States. Refer to the appropriate regulation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA

All ingredients of this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA inventory.

The following RCRA code(s) applies to this material if it becomes waste:

D001

Regulatory status of hazardous chemical constituents of this product:

Constituent	Extremely Hazardous*	Toxic Chemical**	CERCLA RQ (lbs)	TSCA 12B Export Notification
Cristobalite	No	No	0.0	Not required
Crystalline silica	No	No	0.0	Not required
Petroleum process oil	No	No	0.0	Not required
Naphtha, solvent	No	No	0.0	Not required

*Consult the appropriate regulations for emergency planning and release reporting requirements for substances on the SARA Section 301 Extremely Hazardous Substance list.

**Substances for which the "Toxic Chemical" column is marked "Yes" are on the SARA Section 313 list of Toxic Chemicals, for which release reporting may be required. For specific requirements, consult the appropriate regulations.

For purposes of SARA Section 312 hazardous materials inventory reporting, the following hazard classes apply to this material: - Immediate health hazard -- Delayed health hazard -- Fire hazard -

Canadian regulations

WHMIS hazard class(es) : B3; D2B; D2A

All components of this product are on the Domestic Substances List.

California regulations:

For purposes of the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Prop. 65), this product contains a chemical or chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) ratings:	Health	Flammability	Reactivity
	2*	2	1

The information and recommendations in this document are based on the best information available to us at the time of preparation, but we make no other warranty, express or implied, as to its correctness or completeness, or as to the results of reliance on this document.